

ENQUIRY
INTO THE AFFAIRS

OF

King's College, Windsor.

FIRST SERIES.

DOCUMENTS RELATING TO THE VISITATION IN 1871.



HALIFAX, N. E.:
FOWLER & PATRICK, 25 SACKVILLE STREET.
1872.

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ENQUIRY INTO THE AFFAIRS
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"It remains for us to state on our solemn word of honor, that we are influenced by no other motives in our present action than a fixed determination to sustain by every honorable means in our power the University of King's College for the present and for future generations. We are aware that it is possible the course we have taken may expose us to the animadversions and reproaches of some of those who are nearly or remotely connected with the College; for this we are fully prepared; and while we utterly disclaim all personal, private and secret motives or impulses, we shall not hesitate to uphold our purity of purpose in the most public manner, if the necessity should at any time be forced upon us."—(*Vide Document No. III, page 11.*)

NO. I.

REQUISITION.

*To the Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia, Visitor of the University of
King's College:—*

We the undersigned Governors of King's College, respectfully call your Lordship's attention to the condition of the University of King's College.

We state and are prepared to prove that in ten material and important points the Statutes of the University are disregarded or infringed, and, in consequence, the College has fallen into a disreputable condition, especially in respect of discipline.

We state that in consequence of this disregard of the Statutes, the Library, Philosophical Instruments, Museum, Library building, and College building are grievously dam-

aged, and that this condition of the affairs of the College has a most depressing influence on some of the professors and on some of the students, and that it is more or less known in Windsor and throughout the Province.

We state that there is no material reason why the College should not at the present time, be filled with orderly students, but the long continued and habitual neglect of the statutes, and consequently of order, discipline and proper instruction.

We therefore respectfully request your Lordship, as Visitor, to hold at your Lordship's earliest convenience, a Court of Enquiry, in accordance with Sec. 2, Cap. I.,* into the present condition of the University and College. We also respectfully request that with a view to unfettered investigation no person holding office in the University or College to which pecuniary emolument is attached, be a member of, or present at, your Lordship's Court of Enquiry, except for the purpose of being examined by your Lordship.

We append a list of the Statutes which are disregarded or infringed, with brief comments and notes on the consequences of the infringement.

We have the honor to be,

Your Lordship's obedient servants,

THOS. MAYNARD, M.A.,

Rector of Windsor.

JOHN AMBROSE, M.A.,

Rector of Digby.

HENRY Y. HIND, M.A.

Governors of the University of King's College.

Windsor, March 13th, 1871.

1. Cap. II. Sec. 5. † The delivery of Lectures and the attendance of Students at lectures, is very irregular. No record is kept of the attendance of Students at lectures, as

* "The Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia, for the time being, is Visitor of the same. It is his office to take care that the statutes are observed. He may summon before him, within the College, the President, Professors, and all other members of the University or College, and examine them touching all matters whatsoever, relating to the University and College, or any of its officers or members, and more particularly as to their religious principles and behavior. He may admonish offenders, either publicly or privately, but shall not inflict any further punishment without the consent and concurrence of the Governors, or the major part of them." Statutes Cap. I., Sec. II.

† "Residence shall be kept by attendance at the appointed Lectures, and by entering the name daily in a book to be provided for that purpose." Statutes, Cap. II. Sec. 5.

provided by the statutes, consequently discipline is not maintained nor suitable instruction secured.

2. Cap. II. Sec. 14. * No Proctor having been appointed by the Governors at the commencement of the Academic year, discipline outside of the College walls has been injuriously relaxed.

3. Cap. III. Sec. 1. † The Professors are required to subscribe declaration No. 2 in the Appendix: this has not been done with regard to the Professor of Mathematics and the Professor of Modern Languages. They are therefore without responsibility, and they feel the neglect of this requirement as reflecting the character of the College.

4. Cap. V. Sec. 6. ‡ There being no Vice-President appointed by the Governors, the whole internal discipline of the College has fallen into a disreputable state.

5. Cap. V. Sec. 7. || The Bursar having been, unhappily, made incapable of active exertion, through prolonged illness [for upwards of a year] his duties connected with the domestic arrangements of the College, the repair of the College buildings and the charge of the moveable property of the College, have been neglected and much disorder and dissatisfaction have occurred in the domestic arrangements and much damage done to the buildings and moveable property of the College.

6. Cap. VI. Sec. 1. Refers to the duties of the Librarian and the Museum, both of which have been grievously neglect-

* "A Proctor shall be appointed annually by the Governors, whose duty it shall be to take care that the Statutes are not transgressed in the town or neighborhood outside of the College."—Statutes, Cap. II. Sec. 14.

† "There shall be at least four Professors, of whom one shall be the President, and two others Fellows of the College. They shall subscribe the Declaration No. 2 in the Appendix."—Statutes, Cap. III. Sec. 1.

"I. A. B., do solemnly declare that I will perform all the duties of the office of—, to which I am appointed, according to the Statutes of the University or College of Windsor, to the best of my judgment and ability." Appendix to Statutes. Declaration No. 2.

‡ "The Vice-President shall be nominated by the Governors, annually. He shall reside in the College, and perform the duties of Dean, and shall be charged to watch over the morals and general behaviour of the Students within the College; he shall see that the exercises are duly performed, and that the Chapel and Hall are regularly attended." Statutes Cap. V. Sec. 6.

|| "The Bursar shall be one of the Fellows nominated to this office by the Governors. He shall keep the accounts, which shall be audited at the end of every term by the President and Fellows, and shall be open at all times to the inspection of the Governors. He shall receive all payments due from the members of the University and College, and shall pay the servants, all of whom shall be immediately subject to his control. He shall superintend all domestic arrangements, and have charge of the buildings and moveable property of the College." Cap. V. Sec. 7.

ed, and in consequence of this neglect many books and pictures are injured or astray. The new Library building is in danger of being seriously injured. Some of the valuable philosophical instruments and apparatus are broken, or out of order; some coins are missing; nearly the whole of the natural history specimens are hopelessly ruined, and the minerals and fossils are in utter disarrangement. The Museum is a picture of disorder and neglect.*

7. Cap. VI. Sec. 2.† This Statute with respect to the Library is ignored or disregarded in so far as that persons have access to the library without having signed the declaration referred to.

8. Cap. VI. Sec. 3. This Statute is wholly disregarded.

9. Cap. V, Sec. 3. The Statute which states that it shall be the duty of the President to exercise a general superintendence over every department of the College, is ignored as evinced by the existence of eight infringements of the Statutes recorded in the preceding paragraphs.

10. Cap. VII, Sec. 1. This Statute is rendered ineffective because the officers whose duty it is to take note of irregularities and violation of rules inside and outside of the College, namely, the Vice-President and the Proctor, have not existed during the present academical year.

NOTE. The absence of a College clock causes great irregularities in attendance at chapel, at lectures, at the Farish Church, and at meals. There are two clocks in the Museum: one with the weights wound round it, the other with the pendulum in one part of the room, the body of the clock in another part.‡ This absence of order and strict attention

* "A Librarian, and also if requisite a Sub-Librarian, shall be appointed by the Governors, whose duty it shall be to take charge of the Library and of all things contained in it, whether books, manuscripts, or apparatus, and they with the President and Professors shall be the only persons entrusted with the keys of cases and closets in which valuable manuscripts, medals, coins, or other things liable to injury may be locked up." Statutes, Cap. VI, Sec. 1.

† "The Governors and all officers and graduates who have signed the declaration in Appendix No. 3, may have a key of the Library, and take out books at any time." Statutes, Cap. VI, Sec. 2.

"I, A. B., do solemnly declare, that I will observe all the Statutes and Regulations respecting the Library of King's College, Windsor, and I will not lend any of the Library books, and I will be careful so to use them that they may not be injured whilst in my possession; and I will endeavor, to the utmost of my power, to prevent any other person injuring the books or anything belonging to the Library." Appendix to the Statutes, Declaration No. III.

‡ One of the clocks alluded to in the text was ascertained to be an astronomical clock, and not suitable for daily use. At the close of the year 1871, no college clock had been provided.

to time is "productive of endless minor irregularities in the conduct of the College.

NO. II.

THE VISITOR'S NOTICE.

HIBBERT, BY DIVINE PERMISSION, BISHOP OF NOVA SCOTIA.

*To the President, Professors, and Students of King's College,
Windsor, Greeting :—*

Whereas, by the Act of Incorporation of King's College, it is enacted that the Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia shall always be *ex-officio* Visitor thereof, the powers and duties of the said Visitor being more particularly defined by the Statutes of the said College, Cap. I, Sec. 2, and whereas a requisition has been addressed to us by three Governors of the said College, complaining of the infringement of certain Statutes, of laxity of discipline, and of neglect, whereby the Library, the Museum, and the buildings belonging to the College have suffered grievous damage, in the opinion of the said Governors, and requesting us to hold a court of enquiry into the present condition of the said University and College :

Now we Hibbert, Bishop of Nova Scotia, Visitor of King's College University, do hereby give you notice that we propose [D.V.] to hold a visitation of the said College in the College Hall, on Tuesday the 25th day of April, instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, requiring you the President, Professors, and all other Officers and Members of the said University and College to be ready to attend whenever you or any of you shall be summoned before us in the course of the said Visitation to be examined touching any matters relating to the said University and College or the members thereof.

Dated at Halifax, this seventeenth day of April, in the year of Our Lord 1871, and the 21st of our Consecration.

[Signed.] HIBBERT NOVA SCOTIA. [L.S.]

NO. III.

KING'S COLLEGE, April 25th, 1871.

MY LORD,—

Your Lordship has been pleased to accede to our requisition dated Windsor, March 13th, 1871, that you should hold a Visitation at King's College, for the purpose of enquiring into the condition of the University and College.

It is therefore incumbent upon us to state with greater detail than is set forth in our requisition, the feelings and motives by which we are guided, and the object we have in view in soliciting the enquiry.

As Governors in conjunction with our associates in whom is vested according to the Statutes, "the Government of the College and University, we occupy a position of trust,"* and the act of accepting the office to which we were elected by the Alumni involves the responsibilities of the trust subject to the Statutes, rules, and ordinances of King's College.

But as Governors residing at Windsor, in possible daily communication with the Officers and Students of the College we are expected to be familiar with its general condition, and, if such exist, its exigencies and abuses.

We believe that we are familiar with its general condition, and also that exigencies and abuses exist, which can only be met and remedied by the action of your Lordship and the Board of Governors.

We have carefully considered the best mode of endeavouring to remedy the defects and abuses of which we are cognizant and of avoiding any reference which might appear invidious or tinged with partiality or prejudice.

We have expressed our belief that the real cause of the present condition of the College is to be attributed to the infringement of the Statutes, and of such infringements we have enumerated ten which are material.

We have also pointed out the grave omission of the Board of Governors (including ourselves) to perform their part in important details in connection with the trust confided to them, and we respectfully acknowledge the immediate action

* "The Government of the College and University is vested in this Board." Statutes, Cap. I. Sec. 4.

your Lordship took to supply the remedy as far as the Board of Governors were concerned.*

We cannot conceal from ourselves that this omission might be urged as one reason for the laxity in discipline which exists in the College, while the holding of Board Meetings in Halifax, and the occurrence during the year of frequent difficulties in obtaining a quorum may also be urged as prejudicial to the welfare of the College.

We view with great satisfaction the memorial recently presented to the Board of Governors by the Faculty of King's College. It anticipates in a measure some of the conclusions at which we have arrived. In the preamble the Faculty call attention to

1st. That "there is not sufficient inducement held out to Students to study."

2nd. "That the future of the College is at present very doubtful;" which, &c.

3rd. "That the Professors are at present completely prevented from making a name for themselves."

4th. That the University is at present in a "torpid state."

We now advert more particularly to the consequences of some of the infringements of the Statutes.

1st. THE LIBRARY.

We consider a large and valuable College Library as a most important trust, and that its preservation and maintenance is a duty we owe not only to those by whose munificence and liberality it has been established, increased and maintained, and to those who derive or may derive present advantages from it, but also to all who in the course of time may come after us in association with the College.

In the statement of the condition of the Library which we are prepared to offer in detail, as derived from the Register ordered to be kept by the Statutes, explanations on the part of the Librarian may very largely modify the results submitted.

We greatly regret that the loss of the Catalogue of the Library, provided some years since by the Board of Gover-

* This was the immediate appointment by the Board of Governors of a Vice-President and a Proctor.

nors, has limited the remarks we have to offer, and to a certain extent cramped our enquiry.*

The Register, such as it is, shows :

Books not entered as "returned"	138
" not distinctly specified as "returned"†	28
" marked "returned" without date	106
" " "purchased"	125
Total number of bound volumes according to the Official Report of 1866.	5800
" " " " " " " of 1867	6000
" " " " " " " of 1868	6020
" " " " " " " of 1869	6186
Total number of volumes, including Pamphlets and volumes in paper covers, counted in the Library on the 15th April, 1871.	5644
Number entered as lent out this year	56
	5696
Estimated number of Pamphlets	196
Total number of bound volumes in the Library and lent out during the year.	5500
Number of bound volumes not accounted for according to the Register, not including those not specified as not returned, and those purchased in 1869. (12)	674

The number of bound volumes unaccounted for amounting to nearly seven hundred [674],‡ may be interpreted as reflecting on all Governors, officers and graduates who have had access to the library under Statute, Cap. VI, Sec. 2, as well as upon all students and persons who have had access to the Library by permission, whether duly authorized or otherwise.

The irregularities of which we complain extend more or less over a period of sixteen years, and notably over the last six years, as shown by the unexplained list in detail, deduced

* It eventually proved that the Catalogue of the Library had been lent by the then Librarian who had forgotten the fact.

† The explanation given by the then Librarian showed that the books "not distinctly specified as 'returned,'" had been returned to the Library.

‡ The result of the inquiry into the difference between the number of volumes officially returned to the Office of Education and that counted in the Library at the date given above went to show that the official numbers might have been *guessed at*. However, on the subsequent appointment by the Board of Governors of a new Librarian, and on this official calling in all books belonging to the Library, *over three hundred* (300) volumes were returned, of which only a small proportion was registered as lent out.

from the register, which we herewith submit.* It is unnecessary to comment upon the moral influence of this condition of the affairs of the Library, as exhibited by the Register upon students and officers of the College.

The importance of the contents of the Library has not been underestimated at any time by the College authorities, for during eight successive years the College Calendar has contained the following paragraph [Cal. 1863 to 1870 inclusive.]:

"There are many thousand books on the shelves, but the number by no means gives an adequate idea of their value. Contrary to what is generally the case in such large collections, this Library contains very few volumes which would not be looked upon as valuable, while some of the works are very rare, and to be procured only at large prices."

The condition of the new Library Building erected by the munificence of the Alumni, and formally handed over to the Governors in 1865 speaks for itself. Its boarded up windows and tottering east gable are sufficiently distressing.

With regard to the internal arrangement, we are prepared with plans showing how the books, together with the contents of the Museum, (as year by year since 1863, stated to be the intention of the Governors, (See Calendar),) may be conveniently arranged, and with very little additional outlay, many of the necessary cases and shelves being already

* Table showing the number of Books lent out of the Library from 1855 to 1871 as far as can be ascertained by careful analysis of the Librarian's books and Registers:—

Year.	No. of Vols.
1855.	35
1856.	177 Entries begun only on Sept. 3rd.
1857.	293
1858.	250
1859.	277
1860.	425
1861.	226 No entries between March 1st and Sep. 6th.
1862.	457
1863.	360
1864.	234
1865.	198
1866.	128
1867.	93
1868.	51
1869.	44
1870.	19
1871.	133 From Jan. to end of March—after receipt of letter from the Bishop.

provided and some of them standing unused in the old Library. We would point to the great advantages urged for eight years by the Governors, which such an arrangement would present for teaching purposes, and also to the effect it would produce upon visitors to the College.*

THE MUSEUM.

The Museum, small as it is, has from time to time been enriched by donations from the Alumni, the College, and private benefactors. The Professor of Chemistry and Natural History has greatly distinguished himself by his ability and industry in arranging minerals and botanical specimens for Exhibitions abroad and in the Province, as the following list of Medals, of Diplomas, of "Honourable Mention" and of prizes sufficiently attests.

"It is worthy of note, that Dr. How has obtained two awards of Medals from the Jurors of the International Exhibition 1862, for Minerals of Nova Scotia, collected and arranged by him. These Medals being in Class I, referring to Mining and Mineral products, and in Class XXIX., referring to Educational works and apparatus. The Professor has also been distinguished by two Diplomas of "Honourable Mention" issued by Her Majesty's Commissioners in London, one in Class X., for Building-stones, the other in Class III., for a collection of Medicinal and other Plants of Nova Scotia."—[Calendar for 1863, Page 27.]

AT THE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION, 1868.

Best Collection of Minerals arranged Mineralogically,

1st Prize, Professor How, D.C.L., \$25 00

Best Model Cabinet of Minerals for illustration of lessons
on Mineralogy in Public Schools,

1st Prize, Dr. Henry How, King's College \$20 00

* A correspondent of the Halifax "Morning Chronicle" thus describes the appearance of the Hall after it had been renovated and the books arranged under the superintendence of the Governor's Committee.

"The beautiful appearance of the Hall, the perfect arrangement of the Library and Museum, elicited universal admiration, and infinite credit is due to those Governors and others concerned with the College who have brought it all about, and worked such a transformation from the dirge (*dirty?*) and slovenly look of former years. I question whether any of our public buildings can show a more tastefully decorated room, or one so richly furnished with valuable books and well ordered museum. I advise your readers to procure the Windsor "Mail" of Tuesday 29th, and keep it for future reference as a carefully prepared account of the varied contents of the Library."—*Morning Chronicle*, July 1st 1871.

In the Calendar for 1865, the Governors state, "His (Professor How's) scientific assistance has been rendered to the Nova Scotia Commissioners to the Dublin Exhibition, (as formerly to that of London in 1862,) to which a contribution was loaned under Dr. How's selection, from the Mineralogical Cabinet of the College."

While we recognize these proofs of ability and industry with the greatest satisfaction, and consider them to be highly creditable to the College, why, we are compelled to ask as Governors, is the Museum permitted to remain in such a comparatively bare, ill-arranged, and, for teaching purposes, almost useless condition?

It may be observed that with reference to the Museum no contributions are recorded in the Calendar since 1868, and that since the year 1863, there has appeared in regular sequence, year by year, the following paragraph:

"The additions of Minerals, Fossils and Zoological specimens noted from time to time in the periodical reports, obtained by collections, donations and exchanges, have greatly increased the value of the College Cabinets. It is hoped that when properly displayed in the new Hall, these illustrations of the Natural History of Nova Scotia and other parts of the world will be not only of service to the Students, but of attractive interest to visitors."—*Calendar from 1863 to 1870.*

With regard to other infringements of the Statutes alluded to in our requisition, we respectfully solicit your Lordship to request that the documents enumerated in the appended list be produced.

It remains for us to state on our solemn word of honour, that we are influenced by no other motives in our present action than a fixed determination to sustain by every honourable means in our power the University of King's College for the present and for future generations. We are aware that it is possible the course we have taken may expose us to the animadversions and reproaches of some of those who are nearly or remotely connected with the College; for this we are fully prepared, and while we utterly disclaim all personal, private and secret motives or impulses, we shall not hesitate to uphold our purity of purpose in the most public manner, if the necessity should at any time be forced upon us.

Finally, we venture respectfully to submit to your Lordship that this enquiry may be conducted in two ways.

Firstly—That after your Lordship has satisfied yourself of the general truthfulness of our allegations, they be admitted without further enquiry, and the admission be recorded on the Minutes of the Board of Governors; that a committee be appointed consisting of the President and Professors of the College, the requisitionists, and the President of the Alumni to draft, at their earliest convenience, a scheme for the consideration of the Board of Governors, which shall comprehend the entire remodelling of the University and College in all its departments; also a draft of a plan for raising additional funds and obtaining benefactions to the Library and Museum both in the Province and abroad; that they proceed to arrange the Library and Museum in the new Hall, so that it may be in complete order at the next Encœnia, according to the accompanying plan, or any other plan approved by your Lordship, and that they proceed to the preparation of the Calendar for 1871, so that it may be printed and ready for distribution at the next Encœnia.

Secondly—That the enquiry be pursued *in extenso*.

THOS. MAYNARD, M. A.,

HENRY Y. HIND, M. A.,

Governors of King's College.

No. IV.

REPORT OF THE VISITOR OF KING'S COLLEGE*.

8TH MAY, 1871.

Having been called upon by three Governors to hold a Visitation of King's College, in consequence of alleged neglect of Statutes, &c., I appointed April 25, at 10 a. m., to meet the President, Professors, &c., in the College Hall.

The requisition alleged 10 material infringements of Statutes, which were taken up as follows, the complaints being here mentioned by number:

No. 1.—[Cap. II, Sec. 5.—The delivery of lectures and the attendance of Students at lectures is very irregular. No record is kept of the

NOTA BENE.—The Visitor's Report is in large type. The references and foot notes in small type are added by the requisitionists for the sake of clearness, and to save turning back to preceding pages.

attendance of Students at lectures as provided by the Statutes, consequently discipline is not maintained nor suitable instruction secured.]

Answer—No record is required by Statutes,* but it was agreed that each Professor should keep a list of attendance at his lectures, and produce it at the weekly meetings of the Board of Discipline. With respect to book mentioned in Cap. II., Sec. 5, it was thought that it should be kept at the Chapel, and names should be entered there.

No. 2.—[Cap. II., Sec. 14.—No Proctor having been appointed by the Governors at the commencement of the Academical year, discipline outside of the College walls has been injuriously relaxed.]

Answered by appointment of Professor How, but the Secretary has not notified this appointment.

No. 3.—[Cap. III., Sec. 1.—The Professors are required to subscribe Declaration No. 2† in the Appendix. This has not been done with regard to the Professor of Mathematics and the Professor of Modern Languages. They are, therefore, without responsibility, and they feel the neglect of this requirement as reflecting the character of the College.]

Not only the Professors have been left without signing the declaration, but even the Undergraduates have not signed No. 1, and the Matricula‡ has not been kept.

No. 4.—[Cap. V., Sec. 6.—There being no Vice-President appointed by the Governors, the whole internal discipline of the College has fallen into a disreputable state.]

Dr. Hensley appointed Vice-President.

No. 5.—[Cap. V., Sec. 7.—The Bursar having been, unhappily, made incapable of active exertion, through prolonged illness (for upwards

* "Residence shall be kept by attendance at the appointed lectures, and by entering the name daily in a book to be provided for the purpose."—Statutes, Cap. II., Sec. 5.

The inference certainly appears to be that a record of attendance at Lectures is contemplated by this Statute.

† "The person to be Matriculated must have completed his fifteenth year,—have passed a satisfactory examination in the Greek and Latin Languages, and have signed a declaration that he will comply with the rules and regulations of the University, of which he shall receive a copy."—Statutes, Cap. II., Sec. 2.

"I, A. B., do solemnly declare that I will observe the Statutes of this University and College of Windsor, to the best of my ability." Appendix to Statutes, Declaration No. I., to be signed by all Undergraduates.

"I, A. B., do solemnly declare that I will perform all the duties of the office of _____, to which I am appointed, according to the Statutes of the University or College of Windsor, to the best of my judgment and abilities." Appendix to Statutes, Declaration No. II., to be signed by all Professors on their taking office.

‡ "A Matricula, or Register, shall be kept, in which the names of all persons who shall be admitted members of the University shall be enrolled, with their age and other particulars, by or in the presence of the President or his Deputy." Statutes, Cap. II., Sec. 1.

For further information respecting the Matricula, see subsequent pages.

of a year) his duties connected with the domestic arrangements and the charge of the moveable property of the College have been neglected, and much disorder and dissatisfaction have occurred in the domestic arrangements, and much damage done to the buildings and moveable property of the College.]

The Bursar seemed disinclined to admit the plea of health, which was really the only excuse for his manifest neglect in some respects. The Hall has suffered particularly from neglect; water spout broken; portion of front wall falling away from roof. This last being of immediate urgency, I authorized Prof. Hind to employ workmen to repair it. I spoke particularly of the authority and consequent responsibility of the President, and explained that it was his place and duty to see that each and every officer attended to the work committed to him.*

No. 6.—[Cap. VI., Sec. 1. Refers to the duties of the Librarian and to the Museum, both of which have been grievously neglected, and in consequence of this neglect many books and pictures are injured or astray. The new Library building is in danger of being seriously injured. Some of the valuable Philosophical instruments and apparatus are broken, or out of order; some coins are missing; nearly the whole of the Natural History specimens are hopelessly ruined, and the minerals and fossils are in utter disarrangement. The Museum is a picture of disorder and neglect.]

The Museum and instruments were originally under the care of the Librarian. But probably the best arrangement will be to commit the Museum to the Professor of Chemistry and Natural History, together with all apparatus used chiefly for illustrating his lectures, and the Philosophical instruments should be committed to the Professor of Mathematics.

No. 7.—[Cap. VI., Sec. 2.—This Statute with respect to the Library, is ignored or disregarded, in so far as that persons have access to the Library without having signed the declaration referred to.]

Under this head we went through the Library Rules:

1. It appears that cases of coins, &c., are not now locked up—ordered that keys be immediately procured and kept according to Statute. Of some cases in the Museum Professor How alone has keys.

2. The declaration has not been commonly signed.

3. Considered this rule sufficiently observed by the Librarian making arrangements to be present when required. Ordered

* "It shall be the duty of the President to exercise a general superintendence over every Department of the College, and all officers and students shall be subject to his control. It will be his duty to watch over the youths entrusted to his care, to advise and admonish them, making himself personally acquainted with the character and habits of each Student, so as to be, as far as possible, *in loco parentis*." Statutes, Cap. V., Sec. 3.

that undergraduates shall never enter the Library without the presence of a responsible person.

4. Requisitionists state that many books have been lost. The Catalogue made by Mr. Maturin cannot now be found.

[See foot-note page 8.]

5. Neglected.

6. Neglected.

7. Observed generally.

EXTRACTS FROM THE STATUTES OF KING'S COLLEGE.

CAP. VI.

THE LIBRARY.

1. A Librarian, and also if requisite, a Sub-Librarian, shall be appointed by the Governors, whose duty it shall be to take charge of the Library and of all things contained in it, whether books, manuscripts, apparatus, and they, with the President and Professors, shall be the only persons entrusted with keys of cases and closets in which valuable manuscripts, medals, coins, and other things liable to injury may be locked up.

2. The Governors and all Officers and Graduates who have signed the declaration in Appendix No. 3, may have a key of the Library, and take out books at any time.

3. The Librarian or his Deputy shall attend daily in the Library at an appointed hour. Undergraduates may use the Library when he is present, and may obtain books from him to be taken to any room within the College, and to be retained for such time as he, with the sanction of the President, may permit.

4. A Register shall be kept, in which the date of taking out and returning each volume, with the name of the borrower, shall be carefully entered.

5. Damage done to any book, plate, or other thing belonging to the Library, shall be made good by the person in whose name it is entered on the Register.

6. The President may prepare a list of books which are *not* to be taken out of the Library.

7. No person other than a member of the University shall be admitted into the Library, unless introduced by a Professor or Graduate.

Nos. 9 and 10.—[No. 9, Cap. V., Sec. 3.—This Statute which states that it shall be the duty of the President to exercise a general superintendence over every department of the College, is ignored, as evinced by the existence of eight infringements of the Statutes recorded in the preceding paragraphs.]

[No. 10, Cap. VII., Sec. 1.—This Statute is rendered ineffective because the officers whose duty it is to take note of irregularities and violations of rules inside and outside of the College, namely the Vice-President and the Proctor have not existed during the present Academical year.]

Spoke strongly of refusal of Professors to act under authority conferred by the Governors. Professors must remember that they are also College Tutors, and as such are bound to attend to order and discipline. Professor How did not understand *this*, and thinks it should be explained to candidates for Professorships. Professor Sumichrast acknowledges that he was wrong, and would now gladly receive authority.

Enquired respecting attendance of Students at the Parish Church, which is said to be frequently late, suggested that Church bell should always be rung for a definite time, and that notice of commencement should be given to the Students by a servant ringing the College Bell. This would obviate excuse for irregularity on account of difference of clocks.

Having heard rumors of bad behaviour of certain students on the night of Good Friday, attended with insolence to Professor Sumichrast, I called for minutes of Board of Discipline, and made other enquiries, and learned that *two* of the culprits had been sentenced to rustication, and that consequently the rest of the Students disgraced themselves and the College by appearing on Easter Sunday at Church with torn gowns wrapped round their arms and caps in token of mourning.

I sent for the Students and admonished them sharply, setting before them, in the first place, the enormity of the conduct of the violators of a day so sacred as Good Friday must ever be in the estimation of every Christian; and, secondly, the sad fact they had all made themselves partakers of the guilt of the original offenders by their conduct on the great Festival of Easter, which they had thus profaned. I spoke to them strongly of the tricks upon freshmen, and the difficulty of recovering our reputation, and affirmed our determination to maintain discipline at any cost. Especially exhorted them as a Minister of Christ, as the Bishop of the Diocese, assuming him to be appointed Visitor that he may thus interfere when required.

[Signed.]

H. NOVA SCOTIA.

NO. V.

RESOLUTION OF THANKS TO THE REQUISITIONISTS.

At a meeting of the Governors of King's College, held 8th May, 1871 :

Resolved, That the cordial thanks of the Board be presented to Professor Hind and Reverend Thomas Maynard, being Governors of the College, for the thorough, careful and zealous manner in which they have conducted their examination into the state of the College, and reported on the subject to this Board; and that the Requisition to the Visitor signed by them, together with his Lordship's remarks on the same, be entered on the Minutes.

J. C. COCHRAN, M. A., Sec'y.

Extract from the Minutes.

APPENDIX.

LIST OF DOCUMENTS REQUESTED TO BE PRODUCED.

1. The Lecture List of the Junior Professors showing the daily attendance of the students.
2. The Residence Book—Cap. II, Sec. 5. *Not kept.*
3. The Matricula or Register—Cap. II, Sec. 1. *Not produced.*
4. The Rules and Regulations of the College. *Produced.*
5. The Account Book of the Bursar—Cap. V., Sec. 7. *Not Produced.*
6. The Minutes of the Board of Discipline. *Produced.*
7. The Catalogue of the Library. *Lost.*
8. The Register of the Library from 1855—Cap. VI, Sec. 4. *Produced.*
9. A List of the Philosophical Instruments with brief notes as to their condition. *Not Produced.*
10. The Catalogue of the Museum. *Not Produced.*
11. The Record of Donations or Benefactions to the Library and Museum. See Calendars.